



Fig.2 - Geomorphological detailed map (1:5,000) of Fórnia - Alvalos depression (Limestone Massif of Estremadura). 1 - Height (in meters); 2 - Massif and compact limestone; 3 - Limestone scarp (>10m); 4 - Limestone scarp (<10 m); 5 - Temporary river; 6 - Perennial exsurgense; 7 - Temporary exsurgense; 8 - Exsurgense from accessible cave; 9 - Diffuse swallow - hole; 10 - V - shaped valley; 11 - U - shaped valley; 12 - Longitudinal slope break; 13 - Flood and colluvial terrace; 14 - River bed; 15 - Rock shelter; 16 - Carsified limestone; 17 - Cryonival slope; 18 - Other slopes; 19 - Consolidated grêze litée; 20 - Badly consolidated grêze litée; 21 - Scarp in grêze litée; 22 - Cryonival scree talus; 23 - Scree V - shaped incision; 24 - Scree U - shaped incision; 25 - Cryonival solifluction deposit; 26 - Erosional scarp; 27 - Erosion levels of Santo António plateau; 28 - Glacis; 29 - Old landslide scar, probable; 30 - Slided rock mass; 31 - Scree talus; 32 - Pelicular solifluction (<30 cm); 33 - Solifluction (>30 cm).

